System Calls

W4118 Operating Systems I

columbia-os.github.io

Maxi

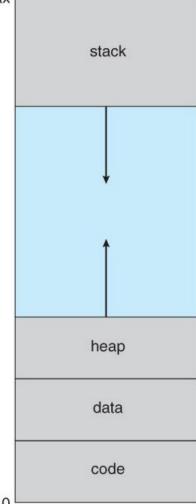
Allocating Memory

Run malloc.c, malloc() does not appear in the strace, why?

brk (), changes the location of the program break, which define the end of the process's data segment (i.e., the top of the heap)

brk (NULL) gets the current process break

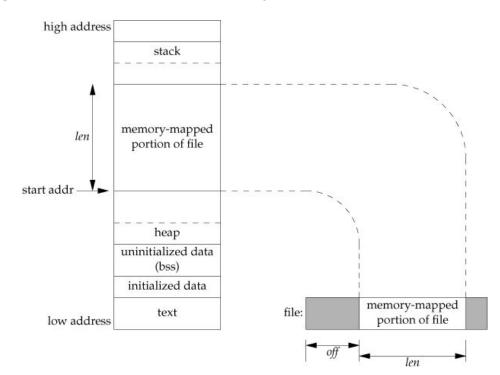
brk (addr) sets the break to addr



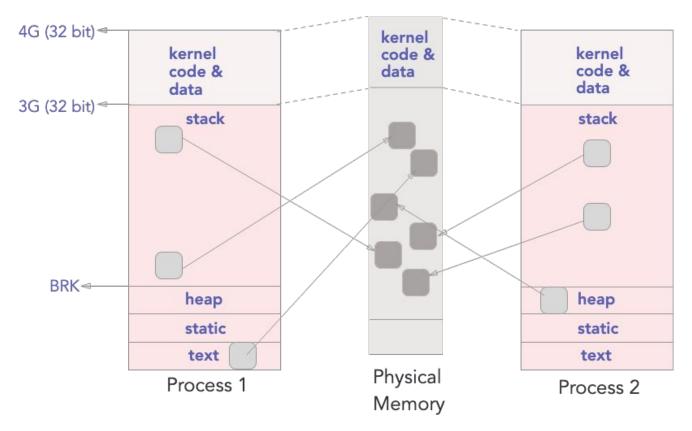
File-backed mappings

Program setup involved mapping in the C standard library:

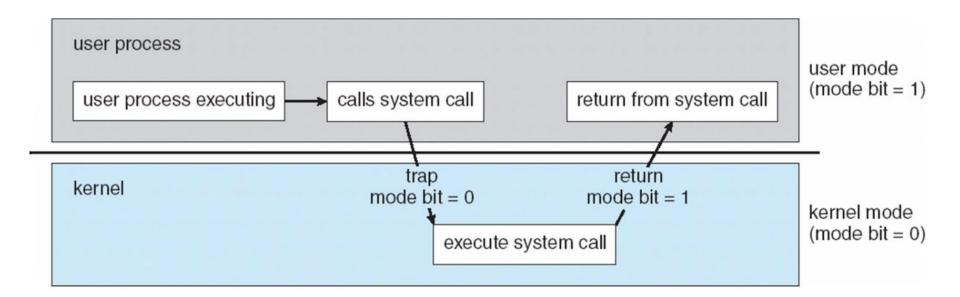
```
openat() = fd
mmap(..., fd, ...)
close(fd)
```



Full Virtual Address Space



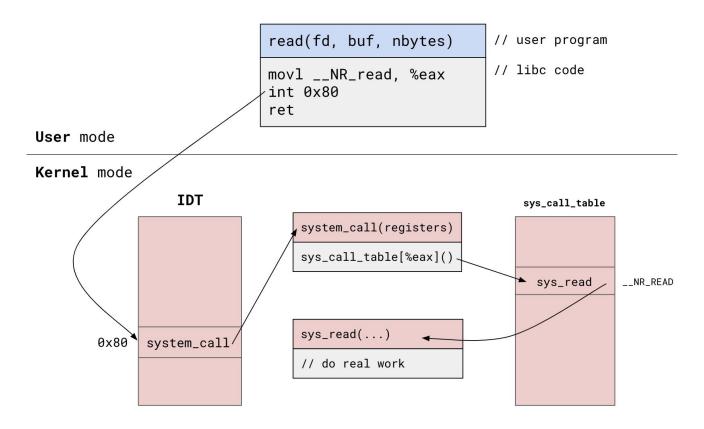
Processor Modes



Interrupts

- Hardware interrupts
 - asynchronous
 - e.g. network packet arrival, timer, key press, mouse click
- Exceptions/Faults
 - synchronous
 - e.g. dividing by zero, page fault
- Software interrupts
 - synchronous
 - x86 assembly int: raise software interrupt
 - o e.g. syscall (int 0x80), debugger

Linux System Call Dispatch



Linux System Call Dispatch Notes

- int 0x80 is how syscalls were invoked in 32-bit x86, e.g., x86-64 has a syscall instruction
- See system call handler and syscall dispatch under <u>/arch/x86/entry</u>
- See system call table <u>here</u>
- See sys read() implementation in <u>/fs/read_write.c</u>
- Check <u>vdso</u> for even faster "system calls"

System Call Parameters

- Syscall parameters are passed via registers
 - Max arg size is the register size
 - Use struct pointer to pass in more/larger arguments (e.g. struct sigaction)

Need to validate memory! Why?

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Need to validate memory!

Example, read()/write(): What if the buffer actually points to kernel memory?

- Pointer points to a region of memory in user-space, not kernel-space.
- If reading/writing/executing, memory must be marked readable/writable/executable accordingly

```
copy_to_user()
copy_from_user()
```

Why not to write a system call?

Why not to write a system call?

- You use a syscall number
- You need to maintain it forever
- You need to register and support it for each architecture
- Not easily usable from scripts or the filesystem
- You cannot maintain it easily outside the kernel tree
- It's an overkill!

Alternatives:

Use a special file and manipulate it instead